'Fear of the Invisible'
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An Investigative Journey into a reckless and contaminated Medical Industry

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Evidence of HIV fraud - KEY DOCUMENTS

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manifested by opportunistic infections, predominantly *Pneumocystis carinii* pneumonia and Kaposi's sarcoma, the underlying disorder affects the patient's cell-mediated immunity ( ). The T-cell dysfunction is often masked by an absence of delayed hypersensitivity, absolute lymphopenia and reduced helper T-lymphocyte (OKT4+) subpopulation(s). The reverse ratios of helper-to-suppressor T-lymphocyte (OKT8+) cause poor lymphocyte responsiveness to mitogens ( ). In some cases, a decreased natural killer cell activity was found ( ).

Despite intensive research efforts, the causative agent of AIDS has not yet been identified. Although patients with AIDS are often chronically infected with cytomegalovirus ( ), or hepatitis B virus ( ), we have proposed that a retrovirus causing AIDS as a retrovirus from a family of HTLV. This assumption, besides being a well-known precedence of causing immune deficiency in cats (feline leukemia virus ( )) and based on animal retrovirus can cause an animal retrovirus can cause immune deficiency in cats (feline leukemia virus ( )). The facts that retroviruses of the HTLV family are characterized by T-cell tropism, preferentially infect "helper" T-cells (OKT4+), have cytopathic effects on various human and mammalian cells as demonstrated by syncytia induction ( ), and the infection of T-cells by HTLV can lead to an alternate mode of T-cell function ( ), in some cases may result in a selective killing ( ). Moreover, seminological showed that the presence of antibodies directed to cell membrane antigens of HTLV infected cells is from 30-40% of patients with AIDS ( ). In addition, over 20 HTLV isolates of both subgroups and new variants were obtained from patients with AIDS ( ). The successful detection and isolation of HTLV was made possible by the discovery of TCGF which enabled selective to grow different subsets of normal and